



Draft Revised Market Data Forms

Annex I

This document supplements the Consultative document on the Draft Revised Market data forms. It highlights the proposed changes to the definitions contained within the Forms and as such should be used together with the said Consultative Document.

Form A1/A2

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
A1/A2	Number of persons employed refers to the total number of persons employed by the concessionaire for the provision of telecommunications and/or broadcasting services.	Number of persons employed , by service refers to the total number of persons employed by the concessionaire for the provision of telecommunications and/or broadcasting services. <i>Persons employed should be provided for each service provided by the concessionaire.</i> <i>Persons employed should be calculated as Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) employees. The operator shall utilize its definition of a full time and part time worker. A full-time person is counted as one FTE while a part-time worker is counted as a proportion to the hours worked. For example, a part-time worker employed for 20 hours a week where full-time work consists of 40 hours, is counted as 0.5 FTE.</i>	Indicator redefined New sub indicators
A1/A2		Number of persons employed, by gender refers to the total number of persons employed by gender computed as Full Time Equivalents.	New Indicator
A1/A2	Total Company Investment refers to the capital expenditure for acquiring property, equipment and network associated with this service.	Investment is also known as gross capital formation and refers to investment made by the service provider for acquiring or upgrading fixed assets (usually referred to as CAPEX) less disinvestment owing to disposals of fixed assets.	Indicator redefined
A1/A2	Revenue from additional services. Please insert the names of the services offered by the organisation.	Revenue from additional services include telecommunications and broadcasting retail revenues received from providing any other	No definition previously provided.

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		telecommunications and broadcasting services to end users unaccounted for in the other forms. Wholesale revenues and interconnection revenues should be excluded. Please insert the names of the services offered by the organisation.	
A1/A2		Interconnection Revenues refers to wholesale revenues received from service providers for the provision of interconnection services.	New Indicator
A1/A2		Total equipped capacity of public switching exchanges refers to the maximum number of fixed-telephone lines that can be connected. This measures the actual capacity of the system and includes fixed-telephone lines already connected and fixed lines available for future connection, including those used for technical operation of the exchange (test numbers). Data should be provided as at end of December for the year specified.	New Indicator
A1/A2		Public Wireless Local Area Networks (PWLAN) access points refers to the number of PWLAN access points offered by the service provider where users can access the Internet using IEEE 802.11-based wireless technology. These are commonly referred to as Wi-Fi hotspots.	New Indicator

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
A1/A2		Number of Homes passed by cable TV refers to the number of households that have a access to cable television, whether or not they are subscribing to the service or not. This measures the potential ability of households to access cable television services through the availability of a coaxial cable television outlet. Data should be provided as at end of December for the year specified.	New Indicator
A1/A2	International Data Bandwidth refers to the total international capacity for data services in Mbits/s.	International Data Bandwidth in Mbits/s refers to the total used capacity of international Internet bandwidth, in megabits per second (Mbit/s) and should be provided as follows: International outgoing Internet Bandwidth in Mbits/s refers to the total outgoing used capacity of International Internet Bandwidth, in Mbit/s. The data is measured at the outgoing (uplink) capacity of all Internet exchanges offering international bandwidth. Data should be provided as at end of December for the year specified. International incoming Internet Bandwidth in Mbits/s refers to the total incoming used capacity of International Internet Bandwidth, in Mbit/s. The data is measured at the incoming (downlink) capacity of all Internet exchanges offering international bandwidth.	Moved from Form I to Form A1. Indicator redefined New sub category included. New sub category included.

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		Data should be provided as at end of December for the year specified.	
A1/A2		Domestic Internet Bandwidth refers to the total used capacity of domestic Internet bandwidth, in megabits per second (Mbits/s). This refers to the portion of contracted or purchased capacity that is actually used to carry traffic. Data should be provided as at end of December for the year specified.	New Indicator
A1/A2		Domestic Internet traffic refers to the average volume of traffic, expressed in gigabits per second (Gbit/s), exchanged over public Internet exchange. Where the incoming traffic differs from the outgoing traffic, the incoming traffic should be provided. Data should be provided as at end of December for the year specified.	New Indicator
A1/A2	Number of Fixed Telephone faults previously requested together with number of fixed telephone complaints in Form F1.	Number of Fixed Telephone faults refers to the total number of reported faults that result in a customer's service being unusable. Faults that are not the direct responsibility of the concessionaire should be excluded (for example extreme weather conditions).	Indicator moved from Form F1 to Form A1.
A1/A2		Number of Fixed telephone faults cleared by next working day refers to the number of reported faults that have been repaired by the end of the next working day. Non-working days such as weekends and holidays should not be counted.	New Indicator

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
A1/A2		Number of mobile cellular unsuccessful calls refers to the total number of unsuccessful mobile-cellular call attempts in the given year. An unsuccessful call is a call attempt to a valid number, while in a coverage area, where neither the call is answered nor called party busy tone nor ringing tone, is recognized at the access of the calling user within 40 seconds from the instant when the last digit of the destination subscriber number is received by the network.	New Indicator
A1/A2		Number of mobile cellular dropped calls refers to the number of incoming and outgoing mobile-cellular calls which, once they have been correctly established and therefore have an assigned traffic channel, are dropped or interrupted prior to their normal completion by the user, the cause of the early termination being within the operator's network.	New Indicator
A1/A2	Number of Fixed Telephone complaints previously requested together with number of fixed telephone faults in Form F1.	Number of complaints received refers to the number of complaints received related to the provision of telecommunications and broadcasting services regardless of validity or subject of complaint. Where a customer complains again before an existing complaint has been closed, this should not be counted as a new complaint but rather as a continuation of the first unclosed complaint. However, where the customer lodges a complaint about the same subject after the complaint has been closed this shall be counted as a new complaint. This excludes free to air radio and television providers. The number of complaints should be provided for:	Indicator moved from Form F1 to Form A1. New categories included

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		Fixed Telephone (A12.b_1) Mobile Cellular Telephone (A14.a_1) Fixed (Wired) Internet (A14.a_1) Fixed (Wireless) Internet (A14.a_2) Mobile Internet {includes handset based Internet as well as computer based such as dongles} (A14.a_3) Multichannel (A15.a)	
A1/A2	Complaints received include both content and technical complaints.	Content Complaints Received refers to the number of complaints received related to the broadcast content of the concessionaire. Applicable to FTA Radio and Television providers only.	Previously requested in Forms R1 and T1. Content complaints now separated from technical complaints.
A1/A2		Content Complaints Resolved refers to the number of content complaints resolved. Applicable to FTA Radio and Television providers only.	New Indicator
A1/A2	Complaints received include both content and technical complaints.	Technical Complaints Received refers to the number of complaints received related to the technical quality of the service that directly affects the delivery of the broadcast to the customer. Applicable to FTA Radio and Television providers only.	Previously requested in Forms R1 and T1. Content complaints now separated from technical complaints.
A1/A2		Technical Complaints Resolved refers to the number of complaints resolved. Applicable to FTA Radio and Television providers only.	New Indicator

Form Q1

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
Q1		Number of Bundled Telecommunications Subscriptions refers to the subscriptions meeting all the following criteria: (a) A commercial offer that includes two or more of the following services: fixed telephone, fixed broadband, multichannel TV; and (b) marketed as a single offer, with a single invoice and with a single price for the set of services; and (c) subscribed to under conditions that cannot be obtained by adding single play offers together.	New Indicator

Form R1 and T1

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
R1 and T1	Total Gross Revenues refers to the total revenues of the company exclusive of tax and expenses. Components of Gross Revenues include: (a) <u>Advertising</u> - revenues derived from the sale of designated commercial time slots (inclusive of time slots, headline sponsorship, production charge etc) (b) <u>Programme Sales</u> - revenues derived from the sale of primary programming airtime to a third party content provider (c) <u>Sales/Promotion</u> - revenues derived from the auxiliary services related to the company's operation (inclusive of promotion of events, ticket give-aways, sale of merchandising and paraphernalia)	Total Gross Revenues refers to the total revenues of the company <i>exclusive of VAT and excise taxes but inclusive of corporate taxes</i>. Components of Gross Revenues include: (a) <u>Advertising</u> - revenues derived from the sale of designated commercial time slots (inclusive of time slots, headline sponsorship, production charge etc.). <i>Advertising revenues shall be broken down in to revenues received from agencies, directly from customers as well as from Political advertising*. Political advertising revenues may include agency or non-agency advertising.</i> (b) <u>Programme Sales</u> - revenues derived from the sale of primary programming airtime to a third party content provider, <i>where applicable</i>. (c) <u>Sales/Promotion</u> - revenues derived from the auxiliary services related to the company's operation (inclusive of promotion of events, ticket give-aways, sale of merchandising and paraphernalia), <i>where applicable</i>. (d) <u>Donations</u> - donations received for the operations of the business, <i>where applicable</i>.	Indicator redefined. New sub categories included

		(d) <u>Other</u> - All other revenues received for broadcasting services, where applicable.	
R1 and T1		* The definition for Political advertng shall be guided by the Trinidad and Tobago Bureau of Standards - TTS 94-1, Advertising - Part 1: General Requirements. "advertising, with the main purpose of influencing public opinion, that includes or pertains to: a) government policies, plans, programmes and achievements; b) election advertising; or c) lobby groups, including unions and business leaders	
R1 and T1	Included previously but not defined	Total advertising minutes refer to the average number of advertising minutes per month.	

Form I1

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
I	Fixed inbound call traffic (minutes) refers to the number of incoming minutes (originating outside the country) and destined for termination on a domestic fixed network.	International incoming fixed telephone traffic, in minutes refers to the number of incoming minutes (originating outside the country) and destined for termination on a domestic fixed network, <i>irrespective of whether the call was from a fixed or mobile subscriber. The data should be provided for each category listed.</i>	Indicator redefined
I	Mobile inbound call traffic (minutes) refers to the number of incoming minutes (originating outside the country) and destined for termination on a domestic mobile network.	International incoming traffic to mobile network, in minutes refers to the number of incoming minutes (originating outside the country) and destined for termination on a domestic mobile network, <i>irrespective of whether the call was from a fixed or mobile subscriber. The data should be provided for each category listed.</i>	Indicator redefined
I	Fixed outbound call traffic (minutes) refers to the number of minutes originating from a domestic fixed network and destined for termination outside the country.	International outgoing fixed telephone traffic, in minutes refers to the number of minutes originating from a domestic fixed network and destined for termination outside the country <i>irrespective of whether the call is terminated on a fixed or mobile network. The data should be provided for each category listed.</i>	Indicator redefined
I	Mobile outbound call traffic (minutes) refers to the number of minutes originating from a domestic mobile network and destined for termination outside the country.	Outgoing mobile traffic to International, in minutes refers to the number of minutes originating from a domestic mobile network and destined for termination outside the country <i>irrespective of whether the call is terminated on a fixed or mobile network. The data should be provided for each category listed.</i>	Indicator redefined

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
I		Number of International SMS Messages sent refers to the total number of international mobile short message service (SMS) messages sent. This excludes SMS received, value added SMS, premium SMS and SMS sent from web-based services.	New Indicator
I		Number of International MMS Messages sent refers to the total number of International mobile multimedia messaging service (MMS) messages sent. An MMS message is a message that and contain pictures or sound.	New Indicator
I	Revenues from international calls refer to gross revenues received from international services.	Revenues from International Calls refer to retail revenues received from international calls, <i>excluding interconnection charges</i> . The data should be provided for each category listed.	Indicator redefined
I		Revenues from International SMS and MMS refer to retail revenues received from text messaging and multimedia messaging.	New Indicator

Form P1/P2

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
P1 and P2	The number of Internet Subscribers refers to the number of persons that subscribe to Internet services through fixed wired or wireless access.	Fixed (wired) Internet Subscriptions, by speed refers to the sum of active* fixed (wired) narrowband Internet subscriptions and fixed (wired)-broadband subscriptions. All speeds offered by the Service provider should be reported.	Indicator redefined
P1 and P2	Fixed Narrowband refers to fixed (wired or wireless) technologies used to access the Internet at download speeds below 256 kbps.	Fixed Wired Narrowband Subscriptions refers to number of active* fixed (wired) subscriptions to the public Internet at downstream speeds less than 256 Kbit/s. The data should be submitted for each advertised download speed offered by the service provider and broken down into residential** and business*** subscriptions.	Indicator redefined
P1 and P2	Fixed Broadband refers to fixed (wired or wireless) technologies used to access the Internet at download speeds 256 kbps or above.	Fixed Wired Broadband Subscriptions refers to the number of active subscriptions to the public Internet at downstream speeds equal to, or greater than 256 Kbit/s. The data should be submitted for each advertised download speed offered by the service provider and broken down into residential** and business*** subscriptions.	Indicator redefined
P1 and P2	Included previously but not defined	Terrestrial Fixed (wireless) Internet Subscriptions, by speed refers to the number of active* terrestrial fixed wireless Internet Subscriptions where subscribers utilizes an antenna that allows connection to the service provider's network. Although users may have a certain degree of mobility, it is generally restricted to the range of one base station. It excludes mobile-broadband subscriptions	Indicator redefined

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		using Wi-Fi Hotspots or where users can access the service throughout the country wherever coverage is available.	
P1 and P2	Included previously but not defined	Fixed Wireless Narrowband Subscriptions refers to the number of active* terrestrial fixed wireless Internet Subscriptions with an advertised speed of less than 256 Kbit/s. The data should be submitted for each advertised download speed offered by the service provider.	Indicator redefined
	Included previously but not defined	Fixed Wireless Broadband Subscriptions refers to the number of active* terrestrial fixed wireless Internet Subscriptions with an advertised speed equal to or greater than 256 Kbit/s. The data should be submitted for each advertised download speed offered by the service provider.	Indicator redefined
P1 and P2		<i>*Active subscription:</i> - where subscribers do not pay a recurring monthly fee: only those used to connect to the Internet in the last three (3) months should be counted - where subscribers pay a recurring monthly fee: all activated subscriptions should be counted, regardless of use. <i>If the category of speed offered by your company does not match the download speeds listed, please insert the applicable speed. All speeds refer to downstream speeds.</i> <i>**Residential Subscriptions refers to the total number</i>	

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		<i>of subscriptions serving households.</i> <i>***<u>Business Subscriptions</u> refers to the total number of subscriptions serving businesses, government, and institutions such as schools, libraries etc., or other professional purposes.</i>	
P1 and P2		Fixed (wired) Internet Subscriptions, by technology refers to the number of fixed (wired) broadband subscriptions to the public Internet (P1.a) split by the following technologies: <u>Cable Modem Internet subscriptions</u> refer to the number of subscriptions using a cable modem to access the Internet. <u>DSL Internet Subscriptions</u> refers to the number of Internet subscriptions using Digital Subscriber Line services to access the Internet. <u>Fibre-to-the-home/ building Internet Subscriptions</u> refers to the number of Internet subscriptions using fibre-to-the-home or fibre-to-the building. This includes subscriptions where fibre goes directly to the subscriber's premises or fibre-to-the-building subscriptions that terminate no more than 2 metres from an external wall of the building. Fibre-to-the-node and fibre-to-the-cabinet should be excluded. <u>Other fixed (wired) subscriptions</u> refers to Internet	New Indicator

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		subscriptions other fixed (wired) broadband technologies such as Ethernet LAN. Please name technology used.	
P1 and P2	Included previously but not defined.	Revenue from Internet Subscriptions refers to retail revenues received from the provision of Fixed (wired and wireless) Internet Services.	Definition included
P1 and P2	Installation revenues refer to the one-off revenues collected for the installation of Internet service.	Installation revenues refer revenues received from the one-off price charged per customer for the installation of Internet service.	Indicator redefined
P1 and P2	Reconnection revenues refer to the revenues received for the reconnection of Internet service that was previously disconnected.	Reconnection revenues refer revenues received from the price charged per customer for the reconnection of Internet service.	Indicator redefined
P1 and P2	Usage/Subscription revenues refer to the monthly revenues received for subscription to Internet service. These revenues may include rental of the line, that is, access revenues.	Usage/Subscription revenues refer revenues received from the monthly price charged to customer for using the Internet service.	Indicator redefined. Removed access fees.
	Revenues from rental and sale of equipment to customers e.g. modem.	Other Fixed Internet Revenues refers to other revenues received from the provision of fixed Internet services not accounted for above such as rental and sale of equipment to customers (e.g. modem) and revenues received from the provision of access lines used to connect to fixed wired infrastructure.	Indicator redefined. Included access fees.
P1 and P2	Installation fee refers to the one-off price charged per customer for the	Installation fee refers to the one-off price charged per customer for the installation of Internet service.	No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
	installation of Internet service.		
P1 and P2	Reconnection fee refers to the price charged per customer for the reconnection of Internet service.	Reconnection fee refers to the price charged per customer for the reconnection of Internet service.	No change
P1 and P2	Usage/Subscription fee refers to the monthly price charged per customer for using the Internet service. These fees may also include rental of the line, that is, access fees.	Usage/Subscription fee refers to the monthly price charged per customer for using the Internet service. Fixed Internet prices should be provided for all speeds offered by the service provider.	Indicator redefined. Removed access fees.
P1 and P2	Prices should be provided Vat exclusive.	Prices should be provided Vat exclusive.	No change

Form F1

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
F1	A fixed main line refers to the telephone line connecting a subscriber's terminal equipment to the public switched telephone network (PSTN) and which has a dedicated port on the telephone exchange.	Removed	
F1	The number of Fixed Line Subscribers refers to the number of customers that subscribes to a fixed line connection.	Fixed Voice Subscriptions refers to the number of active fixed voice subscriptions. Active* subscriptions include subscriptions that have registered an activity in the past three months. <i>*Active subscription:</i> - where subscribers do not pay a recurring monthly fee: only those subscriptions that have been used at least once in the last three months for making or receiving a call should be counted - where subscribers pay a recurring monthly fee: all activated subscriptions should be counted, regardless of use.	Indicator redefined.
F1	Included previously but not defined	Residential Subscriptions refers to the total number of subscriptions serving households.	
F1	Systems refer to subscriptions of multiple lines and extensions running from a PBX.	Business Subscriptions refers to the total number of subscriptions serving businesses, government, institutions such as schools, libraries etc., or other professional purposes and Systems subscriptions to multiple lines or extensions running from a PBX.	Business and Systems subscriptions to be submitted together.
F1	Included previously but not defined	<u>PSTN</u> refers to the number of active lines connecting subscribers' terminal equipment to the PSTN.	New definition

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
F1	Not included explicitly.	VoIP subscriptions refers to the number of voice-over-Internet protocol (VoIP) fixed-line subscriptions and includes VoIP subscriptions through fixed wireless, DSL, cable, fibre optic and other fixed-broadband Internet platforms that provide fixed telephony using IP. This excludes software-based VoIP applications such as Skype.	New definition
F1	Previously Fixed wireless network.	Fixed wireless local loop (WLL) subscriptions refers to the number of fixed voice subscriptions provided by concessionaires that provide 'last-mile' access to the subscriber using radio technology and where the subscriber's terminal equipment is either stationary or limited in its range of use.	Indicator changed to Fixed wireless local loop (WLL) subscriptions.
F1		Basic-rate ISDN subscriptions refers to the number of subscriptions to the integrated services digital network (ISDN) basic-rate interface service.	New indicator
F1		Primary-rate ISDN subscriptions refers to the number of subscriptions to the integrated services digital network (ISDN) primary-rate interface service.	New indicator
F1	Included previously but not defined	Fixed Public Telephones refers to the number of working payphones that are available to the public using the fixed network. This includes coin and card payphones as well as the number of pay public telephones at Community access centres.	Now includes public telephones at Community access centres. Number of non-working payphones excluded.
F1	Included previously but not defined	Gross Revenues from Domestic Fixed Voice Services refers to retail revenues from the provision of fixed-telephone services. It excludes wholesale revenues,	Indicator redefined

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
		revenues received from payphones and interconnection revenues.	
F1	Connection/Installation revenues refer to the one-off revenues collected from the installation of basic telephone service.	Connection/Installation revenues refer to the one-off revenues collected from the installation of basic telephone service.	No change
F1	Reconnection revenues refer to the one-off revenues collected from the reconnection of a basic telephone service that had been previously disconnected.	Reconnection revenues refer to the one-off revenues collected from the reconnection of a basic telephone service that had been previously disconnected.	No change
F1	Subscription/Usage revenues refer to revenues generated from outgoing calls through the fixed line. These revenues will also include the rental of the line, that is, access charge revenues.	Subscription revenues refer to revenues generated from domestic call charges, excluding interconnection charges. This should be broken down into revenues received from fixed to fixed domestic calls and fixed to mobile domestic calls.	Indicator redefined.
F1	Previously requested. Sub categories of revenues from coin and card payphones replaced with payphones and community access centres	Revenues Received Payphones refers to gross revenues received from public payphones	Indicator redefined.
F1	Value added service revenues refer to the revenues derived from optional services offered by the operator including call waiting, caller id etc.	Fixed Value added service revenues refer to the revenues derived from optional services offered by the operator beyond the basic telephone service line rental and calls such as call waiting, caller id etc.	Indicator redefined.
F1	Other revenues refer to any other revenues the service provider may collect from provision of fixed line services. Please detail the composition of these revenues.	Other revenues refer to any other revenues the service provider may collect from provision of fixed line services. Please detail the composition of these revenues.	No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
F1	Connection/Installation fee refers to the one-off charge paid per customer for subscribing to the basic telephone service. This figure should be VAT exclusive and provided for each category of subscriptions requested.	Connection/Installation fee refers to the one-off charge paid per customer for subscribing to the basic telephone service. This figure should be VAT exclusive and provided for each category of subscriptions requested.	No change
F1	Reconnection fee refers to the one-off charge paid per customer for reconnecting basic telephone service. This figure should be VAT inclusive.	Reconnection fee refers to the one-off charge paid per customer for reconnecting basic telephone service. This figure should be VAT exclusive and provided for each category of subscriptions requested.	Indicator redefined.
F1	Subscription/Usage fee refers to the recurring monthly price paid per customer for subscribing to the basic telephone service. This figure should be VAT inclusive.	Monthly Subscription fee refers to the recurring monthly price paid per customer for subscribing to the basic telephone service. This figure should be VAT exclusive and provided for each category of subscriptions requested.	Indicator redefined.
F1	Included previously but not defined	Number of Calls from Payphones refers to the number of domestic calls from public payphones*	
F1	Included previously but not defined	Number of Domestic Fixed Voice Minutes refers to the total number of domestic minutes*.	
F1	Inter call refers to a call that moves from one exchange to another exchange. Intra call refers to a call that stays with the same exchange.	*Inter call refers to a call that moves from one exchange to another exchange. Intra call refers to a call that stays with the same exchange.	

Form M1

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
M1	The number of Mobile Voice Subscribers refers to the number of customers that subscribe to the mobile voice and SMS services of the service provider, that is persons : with an activated (pre-paid or post-paid) SIM card	Mobile-cellular Telephone subscriptions refer to the number of subscriptions to mobile voice (and SMS) services of the service provider . Mobile cellular subscriptions can be broken down by prepaid and post-paid subscriptions, as defined below.	Indicator redefined
M1	Prepaid subscribers refer to mobile voice subscribers using prepaid cards. These are subscribers that rather than paying a fixed monthly subscription fee, choose to purchase blocks of usage time.	Prepaid mobile cellular Telephone subscriptions refer to the number of active¹ mobile-cellular subscriptions using prepaid cards. These are subscribers that rather than paying a fixed monthly subscription fee, choose to purchase blocks of usage time. ¹ Active subscriptions refers to those subscriptions that have been used at least once in the last three months for making or receiving a call or carrying out a non-voice activity such as sending or reading an SMS or accessing the Internet.	Definition changed from activated subscriptions to active subscriptions.
M1	Postpaid subscribers refer to mobile voice subscribers paying a monthly subscription fee. Activated SIM card - the subscriber is able make or receive a voice call and SMS message.	Post-paid mobile-cellular Telephone subscriptions refer to the number of activated mobile-cellular telephone subscriptions paying a monthly subscription fee after use of their mobile services . Activated subscription refers to subscriptions that are able make or receive a voice call and/or SMS message.	No change No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
M1	The number of Mobile Voice subscriptions with Mobile Internet access refers to the number of mobile subscriptions with access to Internet services. This should be broken down into 2G and 4G Internet access and further sub-divided into prepaid and postpaid subscribers. 2G Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or less whereas 4G Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or greater. This indicator refers to the theoretical ability of subscribers to use mobile data services, rather than the number of active users of such services. This Indicator measures Mobile Internet accessibility.	The number of Mobile cellular Telephone subscriptions with Mobile Internet access refers to the number of mobile subscriptions with access to mobile Internet services. <i>This should be broken down into Narrowband and Broadband Internet access and further sub-divided into prepaid and post-paid subscriptions. Narrowband Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or less whereas Broadband Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or greater.</i> This indicator refers to the theoretical ability of subscribers to use mobile data services, rather than the number of active users of such services. This indicator measures Mobile Internet accessibility.	Indicator redefined
M1	Active Mobile Internet subscriptions refer to the number of mobile subscribers who use mobile Internet Services. This should be broken down into 2G and 4G mobile Internet subscribers and further sub-divided into prepaid and postpaid subscribers. 2G Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 kbit/s or less whereas 4G Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 kbit/s or	Active Mobile Internet subscriptions refer to the number of mobile subscribers who use mobile Internet Services. <i>This should be broken down into narrowband and broadband mobile Internet subscribers and further sub-divided into Standard² and Dedicated³ subscribers.</i> This Indicator covers actual subscribers, not potential subscribers, even though the latter may have Internet enabled-handsets. Standard SMS and MMS messaging do not count as active Internet data connections, even if they are delivered via IP. This Indicator measures Mobile Internet usage.	Change in sub-categories requested.

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
	greater. This Indicator covers actual subscribers, not potential subscribers, even though the latter may have Internet enabled-handsets. This Indicator measures Mobile Internet usage. a. Active Prepaid Mobile Internet subscriptions refer to subscribers that have registered an activity within the past 3 months. Subscribers who use the Internet on a Pay-per-use basis should be included; however, standard SMS and MMS messaging do not count as active Internet data connections, even if they are delivered via IP. b. Active Postpaid Mobile Internet Subscriptions refer to subscribers to dedicated mobile Internet services, over a mobile network, with a recurring subscription fee regardless of actual usage	<i>Narrowband Internet refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or less whereas broadband Internet refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or greater.</i> ²Standard mobile Internet subscriptions refer to subscriptions that have a voice as well as a data segment. Standard mobile Internet include subscriptions that use Internet services on the following basis: Pay per use, bundled voice and limited data, bundled voice and unlimited data and purchased data credits periodically. This should be subdivided by contract type. ³Dedicated mobile Internet subscriptions refers to subscriptions that have purchased mobile internet services separately from voice services, either as a Standalone service (e.g. using a data card such as USB/dongle) or as an Add-on package to voice services. This should be subdivided into subscriptions using standalone service and those using add-on packages by contract type. <i>Prepaid subscriptions should only be counted if they have registered an activity within the past 3 months whereas all post-paid subscriptions incurring a recurring subscription fee should be counted, regardless</i>	

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
	Please note that: 'Prepaid Pay-as-you-go mobile Internet subscribers who use both 2G and 4G Internet services within a specific month shall be classified as a 4G mobile Internet subscriber'	<i>of actual usage.</i> Please note that: 'Pay-as-you-go mobile Internet subscribers who use both narrowband and broadband Internet services within a specific month shall be classified as a broadband mobile Internet subscriber'.	
M1	Number of Mobile Data Only SIMs refers to the number of SIMs, purchased by customers that can access data services only without accessing voice services. This should be broken down into 2G and 4G Internet access and further sub-divided into prepaid and postpaid subscribers. 2G Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 kbit/s or less whereas 4G Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 kbit/s or greater. This Indicator measures Mobile Internet usage.	Number of Mobile Data Only SIMs refers to the number of SIMs, purchased by customers that can access data services only without accessing voice services. Examples include SIMs used in security cameras, credit card machines etc. This should be broken down into narrowband and broadband Internet access and further sub-divided into prepaid and post-paid subscribers. Narrowband Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or less whereas broadband Internet access refers to an advertised data speed of 256 Kbit/s or greater. This Indicator measures Mobile Internet usage.	Indicator redefined
M1	Number of subscribers switching from prepaid to postpaid refer to the number of subscribers that are moving from the company's prepaid plans to the postpaid plans.	Number of subscribers switching from prepaid to post-paid refer to the number of subscribers that are moving from the company's prepaid plans to its post-paid plans.	No change.
M1	Number of subscribers switching from postpaid to prepaid refer to the number of subscribers that are moving	Number of subscribers switching from post-paid to prepaid refer to the number of subscribers that are moving from the company's post-paid plans to its	No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
	from the company's postpaid plans to the prepaid plans.	prepaid plans.	
M1	The total gross revenues from domestic mobile services refer to the total revenues derived from mobile operations of the company exclusive of taxes, expenses and interconnection revenues.	The total gross revenues from domestic mobile services, by contract refer to the total revenues derived from the provision of mobile-cellular communications services exclusive of taxes, expenses and interconnection revenues. This includes revenues from connection, subscription, call usage, messaging and data. <i>This should broken down by contract type.</i>	Indicator redefined
M1	Included previously but not defined	Gross Revenues from Domestic Mobile Voice Services only (TT\$) refers to retail revenues received from the provision of domestic voice services only. This excludes revenues received from SMS, MMS, roaming and data services and should be broken down by contract type.	
M1	Included previously but not defined	Gross Revenues from Domestic SMS and MMS messages (TT\$) refers to revenues received from text messaging and multimedia messaging (SMS and MMS), originating and terminating within Trinidad and Tobago.	Revenues from MMS added
M1	Included previously but not defined	Gross Revenues from Mobile Internet Users (TT\$) refers to revenues received from the provision of mobile Internet services. This excludes revenues received from mobile data only SIMs. Broadband mobile Internet revenues include revenues received from standard and dedicated mobile Internet subscriptions.	
M1	Included previously but not defined	Gross Revenues from Mobile Data only SIMs subscribers (TT\$) refers to revenues received from the provision of mobile data only services.	

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
M1	Included previously but not defined	Gross Revenues from other mobile services (TT\$) refers to revenues received from the provision of mobile data only services but not accounted for above. These include the sale of handsets, SIM cards etc. Service providers should provide a breakdown of other revenues provided.	
M1	Included previously but not defined	Number of Domestic Calls refers to the number of calls made by mobile-cellular telephone subscribers, within Trinidad and Tobago.	
M1	Included previously but not defined	Number of Domestic Minutes refers to the number of minutes of calls made by mobile-cellular telephone subscribers within Trinidad and Tobago.	
M1	Included previously but not defined	Number of Domestic SMS Messages sent refers to the total number of domestic mobile short message service (SMS) messages composed on, and sent from, a mobile handset to another handset. This excludes SMS received, value added SMS, premium SMS and SMS sent from web-based services. Value added SMS refers SMS sent for information purposes (Weather, lotto, sport etc.)	
M1		Number of Domestic MMS Messages sent refers to the total number of domestic mobile multimedia messaging service (MMS) messages composed on, and sent from, a mobile handset to another handset. An MMS message is a message that contains pictures or sound.	New Indicator

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
M1	Total roaming revenues is a component of total gross revenues and includes the revenues received from the company's roaming mobile subscribers and revenues derived from international service providers who are using the company's mobile network for the origination of mobile traffic.	Revenues from outbound roaming (TT\$) refers to retail roaming revenues from own subscribers roaming abroad. This should include revenue from all outbound roaming services, including voice, SMS and data.	Previously included, indicator redefined
M1		Revenues from inbound roaming (TT\$) refers to revenues received from foreign subscribers making and receiving calls within Trinidad and Tobago. This refers to wholesale revenues and should include revenue from all inbound roaming services, including voice, SMS and data.	Previously included, indicator redefined
M1	Roaming minutes outside home network refers to the total number of roaming minutes made by the service provider's own mobile subscribers to make and receive calls when outside of Trinidad and Tobago e.g. when travelling abroad.	Roaming minutes, Outside home network refers to the total number of call minutes made and received by the service providers own mobile subscribers when outside of Trinidad and Tobago.	No change
M1	Roaming minutes by foreign subscribers refer to the total number of minutes made by visiting (foreign) subscribers when making or receiving calls within Trinidad and Tobago.	Roaming minutes, By foreign subscribers refers to the total number of minutes made by visiting (foreign) subscribers when making or receiving calls within Trinidad and Tobago.	No change
M1	Domestic mobile tariffs refer to the price paid by the subscriber for using the operator's services. Mobile tariffs should be broken down by the following categories, where applicable:	Domestic mobile prices refer to the price paid by the subscriber for using the operator's services. All prices should be VAT exclusive. Mobile prices should be broken down by the following categories, where applicable:	Change in the term 'tariffs' to 'prices'
M1	(i) Voice only packages - the price paid	Mobile Voice (SMS) Only Packages - the price paid by	No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
	by the subscriber for using the operator's voice services only	the subscriber for using the operator's voice services only	
M1	(ii) Mobile data only packages - the price paid to the subscriber for using the operator's data services only. This refers to mobile data packages that can be added onto the operator's voice package and excludes mobile data only SIMs sold to corporate clients, as defined in 5 above	Mobile Data Packages (handset-based) - the price paid by the subscriber for using the operator's data services. This refers to mobile data packages that can be added onto the operator's voice package and excludes also pay per use prices. Mobile data only SIMs sold to corporate clients should be excluded.	inclusion of 'handset-based' in name of indicator
M1	(iii) Voice and data packages - the price paid by subscribers for using the operator's bundled voice and data services	Mobile Voice and Data Packages (bundled) - the price paid by subscribers for using the operator's bundled voice and data services	inclusion of 'bundled' in name of indicator
M1		Mobile Data Packages (dongle/USB-based) - the price paid by the subscriber for using the operator's data services only via dongle or USB based. These services cannot be added onto the operators voice packages as defined in M1.d above	New Indicator
M1	(iv) Mobile data SIMs - the price paid by the subscriber for using the operator's data services only. These services cannot be added onto the operators voice packages as defined in 5 above	Mobile Data only SIMs - the price paid by the subscriber for using the operator's data services only. These services cannot be added onto the operators voice packages as defined in M1.d above	No change

Form B1/B2

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
B1/B2	The number of subscribers refers to the number of persons that subscribe to subscription television services.	Multichannel TV Subscriptions refer to the number of subscriptions to the multichannel television services of the service provider. The number of subscriptions should be broken down into residential and business. <i>A Multichannel TV subscription refers to services that provide additional TV programming beyond free-to-air terrestrial channels.</i>	Indicator redefined.
B1/B2	Included previously but not defined	Residential Subscriptions refers to the total number of subscriptions serving households. Business Subscriptions refers to the total number of subscriptions serving businesses, government, institutions such as schools, libraries etc., or other professional purposes	
B1/B2	Included previously but not defined	Number of Multichannel TV Subscriptions, themed packages refers to the number of subscriptions to packages/ channels offered by the service provider beyond the basic package. Please insert the names of all packages/channels offered.	
B1/B2	Included previously but not defined	Revenue from Multichannel TV Subscriptions refers to revenues received from the provision of multichannel TV services and should be broken down into:	
B1/B2	Installation revenues refer to the revenues received for the initial one-time charge for a new connection.	Installation revenues refer to the revenues received for the initial one-time charge for a new connection.	No change
B1/B2	Reconnection fee refers to the price charged per customer for the reconnection of service.	Reconnection revenues refer to the revenues received for the reconnection of service	No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
B1/B2	Usage/Subscription revenues refer to the monthly revenues received for subscription service. These revenues may include rental of the line, that is, access revenues.	Usage/Subscription revenues refer to the monthly revenues received for subscription service. <i>All revenues received from basic packages and themed packages offered should be included.</i>	Indicator redefined
B1/B2	Installation fee refers to the price charged per customer for the installation of service.	Installation fee refers to the price charged per customer for the installation of service.	No change
B1/B2	Reconnection fee refers to the price charged per customer for the reconnection of service.	Reconnection fee refers to the price charged per customer for the reconnection of service.	No change
B1/B2	Usage/Subscription fee refers to the price charged to customers for using the service. These fees may include rental of the line, that is, access fees.	Usage/Subscription fee refers to the price charged to customers for using the service.	No change

Form L1/L1A/L1B

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
L1/L1A/L1B	The number of leased circuits refers to the total connections provided exclusively to customers.	Leased Line subscriptions refer to the number of dedicated private lines. A leased line connects two locations for the provision of a private voice and/or data telecommunication service and should be broken down into:	Indicator redefined
L1/L1A/L1B	International private (retail) leased lines refers to the lease of a dedicated international circuit to an individual purchaser typically used for private purposes. Eg. Scotiabank TT leasing an international circuit from TSTT to connect to its overseas branch in Canada.	International retail leased lines refers to the lease of a dedicated international circuit to an individual purchaser typically used for private purposes. E.g. Scotia bank TT leasing an international circuit from TSTT to connect to its overseas branch in Canada.	No change
L1/L1A/L1B	International wholesale leased lines refer to the lease of a dedicated international circuit to a reseller or concessionaire that typically uses the leased circuit to generate business by leasing to other clients. Eg. TSTT providing an international leased circuit to Open Telecom, who then re-lease to other clients.	International wholesale leased lines refer to the lease of a dedicated international circuit to a reseller or concessionaire that typically uses the leased circuit to generate business by leasing to other clients. E.g.. TSTT providing an international leased circuit to Open Telecom, who then re-lease to other clients.	No change
L1/L1A/L1B	Domestic retail leased lines refers to the lease of a dedicated circuit located within the domain of Trinidad and Tobago to an individual purchaser typically used for private purposes. Eg. TSTT providing a dedicated circuit from its network to a local car sales business.	Domestic retail leased lines refers to the lease of a dedicated circuit located within the domain of Trinidad and Tobago to an individual purchaser typically used for private purposes. E.g. TSTT providing a dedicated circuit from its network to a local car sales business.	No change
L1/L1A/L1B	Domestic wholesale leased lines refers to the lease of a dedicated circuit located within the domain of Trinidad and Tobago to a reseller or concessionaire that typically uses the leased lines to generate business	Domestic wholesale leased lines refers to the lease of a dedicated circuit located within the domain of Trinidad and Tobago to a reseller or concessionaire that typically uses the leased lines to generate business by leasing to other clients. E.g. TSTT providing a dedicated leased circuit from its	No change

Relevant Form	Current Definition	Proposed Definition	Comments
	by leasing to other clients. Eg. TSTT providing a dedicated leased circuit from its network to Green Dot who in turn leases this circuit to other local clients.	network to Green Dot who in turn leases this circuit to other local clients.	
L1/L1A/L1B	Included previously but not defined	Total Gross Revenues from International Leased Circuits refers to revenues received for the provision of International leased circuits.	
L1/L1A/L1B	Included previously but not defined	Total Gross Revenues from Domestic Leased Circuits refers to revenues received for the provision of Domestic leased circuits.	
L1/L1A/L1B	Price refers to the price charged to a customer for usage of the leased circuit.	Price refers to the price charged to a customer for usage of the leased circuit.	No change